

## **CHBE 4200/4210 Unit Operations/Bioprocesses Laboratory (required course)**

**Credit:** 2-3-3

**Instructors:** Dr. Yonathan Thio and Ms. Jacqueline Mohalley Snedeker

**Textbook:** None (All materials are available in class or on our online course management system, T-square. Students also use other reference texts that they have used in previous classes or those on reserve in the library.

**Catalog Description:** This course illustrates engineering/scientific principles and physical models important to the data collection/interpretation of process important to the practice of chemical engineering.

**Prerequisites:** Separation Processes (ChBE 3225), minimum grade of "C"  
Transport II (ChBE 3210), minimum grade of "C"  
Kinetics & Reactor Design (ChBE 4300), minimum grade of "C"

**Learning Outcomes:** By the end of this course, a student should be able to:

1. Work effectively in 3- or 4-person teams to cooperatively carry out a project involving problem identification, data gathering and analysis, and written and oral communication. (Student Outcomes: d, f, g, l)
2. Determine an experimental objective, understand the theory behind the experiment, and operate the relevant equipment safely. (Student Outcomes: a, b, d, e, f, g, i, k, l, m, n)
3. Analyze experimental data using standard statistical methods to establish quantitative results. (Student Outcomes: a, b, f, k, l, n)
4. Write effective technical reports for the experiments. (Student Outcomes: f, g)
5. Serve as team leader for two experiments and make two oral presentations. (Student Outcomes: b, d, e, f, g, i, l)

### **Topical Outline:**

1. Continuous Stirred Tank Reactor
  - a. Unsteady and steady-state operation
  - b. Reversible/irreversible reaction kinetics
  - c. Fundamental model
2. Fluidized Bed
  - a. Ergun equation
  - b. Minimum fluidization velocity and pressure drop
  - c. Gas and liquid fluidization

3. Agitated Aerobic Fermentation
  - a. Gas-liquid mass transfer coefficient
  - b. Yeast catalyzed fermentation
  - c. Gassed power consumption
  - d. Stirred reactor scale-up
4. Heat Exchanger
  - a. Shell and tube and plate types
  - b. Co-current and counter-current flow
  - c. Overall heat transfer coefficient
  - d. Fouling coefficient
5. Fractional Distillation
  - a. McCabe-Thiele method
  - b. Overall column efficiency and Murphree plate efficiency
  - d. Optimum feed plate location
  - e. Reflux ratio
6. Isomerization in a Packed Bed Reactor
  - a. Glucose-fructose isomerization
  - b. Michaelis-Menten kinetics
  - c. External mass transfer and pore diffusion
  - e. Rate limiting step
  - f. Thiele Modulus and Effectiveness Factor
  - g. Packed bed mass and volumetric productivity
7. Membrane Separation
  - a. O<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> separation
  - b. Retentate and permeate purity
  - c. Permeance and selectivity
  - d. Flow configuration
8. Protein Separation from Fermentation Broth
  - a. Biomass and protein quantification
  - b. Centrifugation, sonication, tangential flow filtration, and homogenization
  - c. Bradford assay
  - d. Lambert-Beer's law for absorbance
9. Enzyme Membrane Reactor
  - a. Biocatalytic reaction
  - b. Membrane filtration
  - c. Continuous stirred tank reactor
  - d. Biot's law for optical activity
  - e. Enzyme leakage rate
10. Transdermal Drug Delivery
  - a. Model compounds through mouse skin
  - b. Biological tissue sample preparation
  - c. Diffusion and permeability
  - d. Lag time
  - e. Statistical significance of differences